

TSX.V: VCU | OTCQB: VCUFF

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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VIZSLA COPPER EXPANDS FOOTPRINT OF STRONG COPPER-MOLYBDENUM MINERALIZATION AT THE THIRA DISCOVERY; DRILLS 264 METERS OF 0.43% **CUEQ IN 400 METER STEP-OUT HOLE**

Vancouver, British Columbia, September 9, 2025 - Vizsla Copper Corp. (TSXV: VCU, OTCQB: VCUFF, FRANKFURT: 97E0) ("Vizsla Copper" or the "Company") is pleased to announce results from five additional drill holes from the Thira porphyry discovery, Poplar Project, central British Columbia.

The five holes (TH25-139, 140, 141, 142 and 143) build on discovery hole TH25-138 and demonstrate that porphyry-related copper-molybdenum-silver-gold mineralization extends for at least 800 meters along an east-west section and remains open in every direction. Results from the remaining four holes completed in Phase 1 drilling are pending.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Near-surface, porphyry-related mineralization intersected in every hole: Holes TH25-139, 140, 141, 142 and 143 were mineralized along their entire >400 meter lengths and tested a ~800 meter east-west section.
- Hole TH25-142 was collared 400 meters east of TH25-138 and intersected:
 - o 324.0 meters of 0.39% copper equivalent (0.27% Cu, 0.014% Mo, 0.90 g/t Ag, and 0.05 g/t Au, above a 0.1% Cu cutoff grade) from 6.0 meters down hole, including
 - 264.0 meters of 0.43% copper equivalent (0.30% Cu, 0.016% Mo, 0.98 g/t Ag, and 0.06 g/t Au, above a 0.2% Cu cutoff grade) from 51.0 meters down hole
 - Mineralization remains open to the east.
- Hole TH25-140 was collared 300 meters east of TH25-138 and intersected:
 - 429.0 meters of 0.28% copper equivalent* (CuEq, 0.20% Cu, 0.01% Mo, 0.71 g/t Ag and 0.03 g/t Au, above a 0.1% Cu cutoff grade) from 6.0 meters down hole, including
 - 93.1 meters of 0.39% copper equivalent (0.28% Cu, 0.012% Mo, 0.96 g/t Ag and 0.06 g/t Au, above a 0.2% Cu cutoff grade) from 187.9 meters down hole
- Hole TH25-143 was drilled due west from the TH25-138 collar and intersected:
 - 411.7 meters of 0.27% copper equivalent (0.20% Cu, 0.009% Mo, 0.76 g/t Ag, and 0.03 g/t Au, above a 0.1% Cu cutoff grade) from 14.3 meters down hole, including
 - 122.0 meters of 0.36% copper equivalent (0.25% Cu, 0.012% Mo, 1.1 g/t Ag, and 0.05 g/t Au, above a 0.2% Cu cutoff grade) from 14.3 meters down hole
 - Mineralization remains open to the west.
- Assay results are pending from four additional drill holes.

*Copper equivalent calculation (CuEq) uses metal prices of: Cu US\$4.00/lb, Mo US\$2.00/lb, Au US\$2,000/oz and Ag US\$22/oz and conceptual recoveries of Cu: 80%, Mo: 80%, Au: 70% and Ag: 65%. CuEq is provided for illustrative purpose only to show the combined grades of Cu, Mo, Au and Ag relative to copper price net of conceptual metallurgical recoveries. Composite intervals are calculated using length weighted averages above the cutoff grades noted above, with up to 10 meters of internal dilution. True thickness of the bulk-tonnage style, stockwork-hosted mineralization is unknown.

"Based on these drill results, it is clear that our Thira porphyry discovery has significant scale potential" commented Craig Parry, Executive Chairman and CEO. "Mineralization intersected in these new drill holes, together with our previously announced discovery hole are part of a near-surface porphyry-related system that spans at least 800 meters east-west and is open in every direction.

Defining the Potential Scale of Thira

The recently completed Phase 1 drill program at Thira consisted of 10 drill holes totalling over 4,500 meters. The angled holes tested a footprint of approximately 800 meters by 500 meters with results from six holes, all collared on the same east-west section (78100 N, holes TH25-138, 139, 140, 141, 142 and 143; Figure 3), now reported. The widely-spaced, Phase 1 drill holes tested coincident geophysical and geochemical anomalies (see June 16th, 2025 News Release) central to the Thira alteration corridor (Figure 1).

Holes TH25-139 and TH25-140 were collared approximately 200 meters and 300 meters east of discovery hole TH25-138 (e.g., 345.3 meters of 0.43% CuEq (0.31% Cu, 0.02% Mo, 1.1 g/t Ag and 0.05 g/t Au), see June 22nd 2025 News Release) respectively. Holes TH25-141 and 142 were collared a further 100 meters east, approximately 400 meters east of hole TH25-138. Hole TH25-143 was collared on the same pad as TH25-138 but drilled to the west. The holes were designed to test the lateral and vertical extents of porphyry-related copper-molybdenum mineralization intersected in TH25-138.

All six now reported drill holes intersected porphyry-related copper-molybdenum-silver-gold mineralization from top of bedrock (average 8.1 meters down hole) to bottom of holes (>400m). The strongest mineralization (e.g., 74.0 meters of 0.57% CuEq (0.37% Cu, 0.028% Mo, 0.075 g/t Au, and 1.23 g/t Ag) from 138.0 meter downhole in TH25-142, Table 1) consists of chalcopyrite-molybdenite bearing stockwork and multi-stage porphyry-related veins (A- and B-type) that crosscut intensely biotite altered volcanics and volcanic breccias and at least three phases of pre- and intra-mineral intrusions varying from plagioclase-biotite monzonite porphyries to equigranular biotite monzonite. The intra-mineral variants have local truncated quartz veins and disseminated chalcopyrite. Zones of anhydrite veins and breccias with locally strong molybdenite mineralization associated with white mica-quartz alteration locally crosscut the main stage potassic alteration.

Results from the six reported drill holes at Thira document a zone of porphyry-related coppermolybdenum-silver-gold mineralization that spans at least 800 meters east-west. The potential scale of the Thira porphyry system is highlighted by hole TH25-140 that intersected mineralization 600 meters to the east of hole TH25-138, hole TH25-143 that intersected mineralization 200 meters to the west of TH25-138 and hole TH25-139 that bottomed in strong copper-molybdenum mineralization (e.g., 19.0 meters of 0.44% CuEq (0.24% Cu, 0.036% Mo, 0.02 g/t Au, and 0.80 g/t Ag), Table 1). Mineralization remains open in every direction.

Next Steps at Thira

Results from the remaining 4 holes completed during the Phase 1 drill program will be released once assay results are returned from the lab, compiled and interpreted. Lithological, geochemical and structural data from all holes will be integrated into a comprehensive 3D model that will inform the next round of drilling.

Generating Additional Porphyry Targets

Further targeted exploration activities across the ~8 by 2 kilometer, mostly till-covered Thira alteration corridor (Figure 1) have commenced with over 1,500 soil samples and over 35 line kilometers of IP (induced polarization) surveying now underway. The surveys, designed to define additional porphyry centers, will build on results from previous surveys (see October 8th, 2024 News Release) that highlighted broad, coincident and open-ended multi-element soil geochemical and IP geophysical anomalies.

Table 1. Assay Results

				Interval			Au	Ag	CuEq*
Hole ID	Cutoff	From (m)	To (m)	(m)	Cu (%)	Mo (%)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(%)
TH25-139	0.1% Cu	19.00	231.00	212.00	0.15	0.003	0.04	0.57	0.20
including	0.2% Cu	22.00	36.50	14.50	0.26	0.004	0.09	1.00	0.36
including	0.2% Cu	94.00	106.35	12.35	0.39	0.004	0.11	1.41	0.50
and	0.1% Cu	272.00	429.00	157.00	0.16	0.013	0.02	0.61	0.24
including	0.2% Cu	410.00	429.00	19.00	0.24	0.036	0.02	0.80	0.44
TH25-140	0.1% Cu	6.00	435.00	429.00	0.20	0.010	0.03	0.71	0.28
including	0.2% Cu	187.86	281.00	93.14	0.28	0.012	0.06	0.96	0.39
including	0.3% Cu	201.00	216.00	15.00	0.37	0.022	0.07	1.12	0.54
including	0.3% Cu	258.00	278.52	20.52	0.40	0.007	0.06	1.47	0.48
TH25-141	0.1% Cu	9.00	72.10	63.10	0.20	0.009	0.04	0.65	0.28
including	0.2% Cu	40.50	66.00	25.50	0.27	0.008	0.06	0.81	0.36
and	0.1% Cu	139.70	417.00	277.30	0.16	0.012	0.03	0.63	0.24
including	0.2% Cu	177.00	209.20	32.20	0.25	0.014	0.05	0.95	0.36
including	0.2% Cu	300.10	343.00	42.90	0.23	0.014	0.04	0.80	0.33
TH25-142	0.1% Cu	6.00	330.00	324.00	0.27	0.014	0.05	0.90	0.39
including	0.2% Cu	51.00	315.00	264.00	0.30	0.016	0.06	0.98	0.43
including	0.3% Cu	138.00	212.00	74.00	0.37	0.028	0.08	1.23	0.57
TH25-143	0.1% Cu	14.30	426.00	411.70	0.20	0.009	0.03	0.76	0.27
including	0.2% Cu	14.30	136.25	121.95	0.25	0.012	0.05	1.06	0.36
including	0.2% Cu	247.00	270.00	23.00	0.29	0.008	0.03	0.85	0.35
including	0.2% Cu	315.00	336.00	21.00	0.25	0.003	0.03	0.96	0.29

^{*}Copper equivalent calculation (CuEq) uses metal prices of: Cu US\$4.00/lb, Mo US\$2.000/lb, Au US\$2,000/oz and Ag US\$22/oz and conceptual recoveries of Cu: 80%, Mo: 80%, Au: 70% and Ag: 65%. Metallurgical test work has not been performed on core from Thira, therefore it is uncertain which metals would report to potential concentrates - recoveries are conceptual in nature. CuEq is provided for illustrative purpose only to show the combined grades of Cu, Mo, Au and Ag relative to copper price net of conceptual metallurgical recoveries. CuEq% = Cu% + (Au g/t x (Au recovery / Cu recovery) x [Au price US\$/oz ÷ 31] / [Cu price US\$/lb x 22.04623]) + (Ag g/t x (Ag recovery / Cu recovery) x [Ag price US\$/oz ÷ 31] / [Cu price US\$/lb x 22.04623] + (Mo grade % x (Mo recovery / Cu recovery) x [Mo price US\$/lb x 2204.623] / [Cu price US\$/lb x Composite intervals are calculated using length-weighted averages above the cutoff grades noted above, with up to 10 meters of internal dilution. True thickness of the bulk-tonnage style, stockwork-hosted mineralization is unknown.

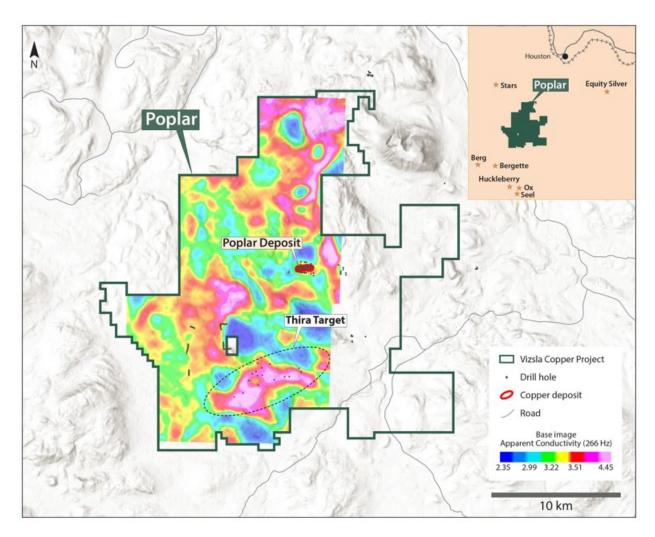


Figure 1. Map of the Poplar Project showing the location of the Thira target area and previously acquired MobileMT data¹. The area circled around the conductivity-high anomaly marks the footprint of the Thira alteration corridor.

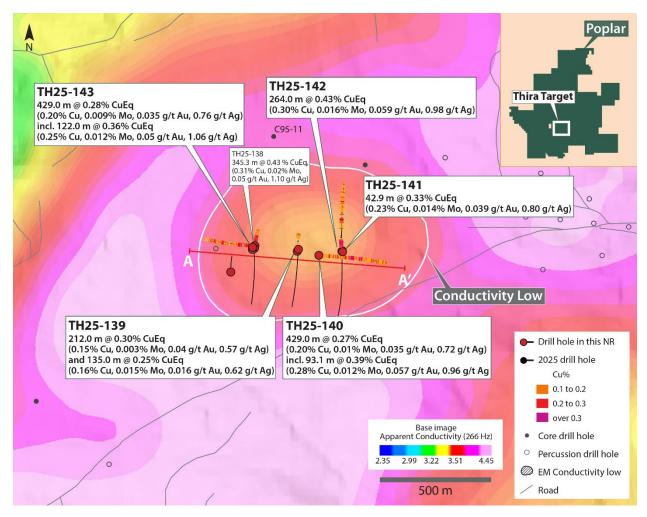


Figure 2. Map of the Thira target showing the location of holes TH25-139, 140, 141, 142 and 143 with respect to discovery hole TH25-138 and shallow historical drill holes. The area marked by the conductivitylow¹ is the focus for ongoing drilling. See footnote below Table 1 for CuEg calculation inputs. Holes with pending results are also shown. See references^{2,3} below for sources of historical drill data.

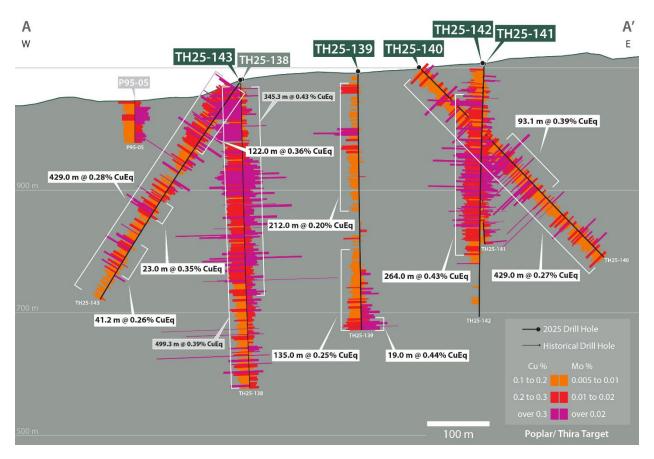


Figure 3. East-west section (78100 N) showing copper and molybdenum assays down hole for holes TH25-138, 139, 140, 141, 142 and 143. See Table 1 and associated footnotes for CuEq metal and calculation inputs. See references^{2,3} below for sources of historical drill data.

Table 2. Collar information

Hole ID	Easting*	Northing*	Elevation (m)	Azimuth	Dip	Depth (m)
TH25-139	628401	5978093	1094	360	-80	429
TH25-140	628500	5978076	1102	90	-45	435
TH25-141	628602	5978098	1106	360	-45	420
TH25-142	628603	5978101	1106	360	-80	417
TH25-143	628210	5978113	1079	270	-55	426

^{*}UTM NAD83 Z 09

Board Resignation

The Company announces that Mr. Michael Konnert will be resigning from the board of directors effective October 9, 2025 to solely focus on Vizsla Silver Corp. (TSX: VZLA). Mr. Konnert has been instrumental and provided valuable insight during his time as a director. The Board of Directors thanks Mr. Konnert for his valuable contributions and commitment and wish him all the best with his future endeavors.

Poplar Project

The 44,200 hectare Poplar project in central BC covers Mesozoic aged arc-related volcanic, sedimentary and intrusive rocks considered prospective for porphyry-related copper and gold mineralization. In addition to the Thira target, the project also hosts the Poplar deposit, a near-surface porphyry-related copper and gold system. The Poplar deposit is approximately 10 km north of the Thira target. Vizsla Copper has the option to earn a 100% interest in the property through a series of expenditure commitments and annual cash payments until 2027.

Sampling, Chain of Custody, Quality Assurance and Quality Control

All drill core analytical results have been monitored through the Company's quality assurance and quality control program (QA/QC). Drill core was sawn in half at Vizsla's dedicated and secure core logging and processing facility near the property.

Half of the drill core was sampled and shipped by a bonded courier in sealed and secured woven polyester bags to the ALS Global preparation facilities in Kamloops, BC. Core samples were prepared using ALS standard preparation procedure PREP-31A which involves crushing the sample to 70% less than 2mm, followed by a riffle split of 250g, and then a pulverised split to better than 85% passing 75 microns.

Following sample preparation, the pulps were sent to the ALS Global analytical laboratory in North Vancouver, BC for analysis. ALS Global is registered to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accreditations for laboratory procedures.

Drill core samples were analyzed for 48 elements by ICP-MS on a 0.25-gram aliquot using a four-acid digestion (method ME-MS61). Overlimit samples (>10,000 ppm Cu) were re-analyzed using an ore-grade, four-acid digestion and ICP-AES finish (method ME-OG62). Gold was analyzed by fire assay on a 30-gram aliquot with an AES finish (inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectroscopy - method Au-ICP21).

In addition to ALS Global laboratory QA/QC protocols, Vizsla implements a rigorous internal QA/QC program that includes the insertion of field and lab duplicates, certified reference materials (standards prepared by an independent lab) and blanks into the sample stream. Data verification of the analytical results includes a statistical analysis of the QA/QC data. Results are considered acceptable.

About Vizsla Copper

Vizsla Copper is a Cu-Au-Mo focused mineral exploration and development company headquartered in Vancouver, Canada. The Company is primarily focused on its Poplar and Woodjam projects, well situated amongst significant infrastructure in Central and Southern British Columbia. The Company's growth strategy is focused on the exploration and development of its copper properties within its portfolio in addition to value accretive acquisitions. Vizsla Copper's vision is to be a responsible copper explorer and developer in the stable mining jurisdiction of British Columbia, Canada and it is committed to socially responsible exploration and development, working safely, ethically and with integrity.

Vizsla Copper is a spin-out of Vizsla Silver and is backed by Inventa Capital Corp., a premier investment group founded in 2017 with the goal of discovering and funding opportunities in the resource sector. Additional information about the Company is available on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca) and the Company's website (<u>www.vizslacopper.com</u>).

Qualified Person and National Instrument 43-101 Disclosure

The Company's disclosure of technical or scientific information in this press release has been reviewed and approved by Christopher Leslie, Ph.D., P.Geo., Technical Advisor for Vizsla Copper. Dr. Leslie is a Qualified Person as defined under the terms of National Instrument 43-101.

Some technical information contained in this release is historical in nature and has been compiled from public sources believed to be accurate. The technical information has not been verified by Vizsla Copper and may in some instances be unverifiable.

References

- 1. Henneberry, T.R. (2024), Data acquisition and processing report, Helicopter Borne MobileMT Electromagnetic and Magnetic Survey, Assessment Report Indexing System, Report 41614, https://apps.nrs.gov.bc.ca/pub/aris
- 2. Wagner, D. (1995), Soil sampling and percussion drilling on the Thira Property, Omineca Mining District, BC, Assessment Report Indexing System, Report 24109, https://apps.nrs.gov.bc.ca/pub/aris
- Wagner, D. (1996), Assessment report, Diamond drilling on the Thira Property, Omineca Mining District, BC, Assessment Report Indexing System, Report 24392, https://apps.nrs.gov.bc.ca/pub/aris

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The information contained herein contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. "Forward-looking information" includes, but is not limited to, statements with respect to the activities, events or developments that the Company expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future, including, without limitation, planned exploration activities. Generally, but not always, forward-looking information and statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", or "believes" or the negative connotation thereof or variations of such words and phrases or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved" or the negative connotation thereof. Forward-looking statements in this news release include, among others, statements relating to the Company's exploration plans.

Such forward-looking information and statements are based on numerous assumptions, including among others, that the results of planned exploration activities are as anticipated, the anticipated cost of planned exploration activities, that general business and economic conditions will not change in a material adverse manner, that financing will be available if and when needed and on reasonable terms, that third party contractors, equipment and supplies and governmental and other approvals required to conduct the Company's planned exploration activities will be available on reasonable terms and in a timely manner. Although the assumptions made by the Company in providing forward-looking information or making forward-looking statements are considered reasonable by management at the time, there can be no assurance that such assumptions will prove to be accurate.

Forward-looking information and statements also involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual events or results in future periods to differ materially from any projections of future events or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking information or statements, including, among others: negative operating cash flow and dependence on third party financing, uncertainty of additional financing, no known mineral reserves or resources, the limited operating history of the Company, the influence of a large shareholder, aboriginal title and consultation issues, reliance on key management and other personnel, actual results of exploration activities being different than anticipated, changes in exploration programs based upon results, availability of third party contractors, availability of equipment and supplies, failure of equipment to operate as anticipated; accidents, effects of weather and other natural phenomena and other risks associated with the mineral exploration industry, environmental risks, changes in laws and regulations, community relations and delays in obtaining governmental or other approvals.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking information or implied by forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking information and statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated, estimated or intended. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements or information. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or reissue forward-looking information as a result of new information or events except as required by applicable securities laws.